Breeding Self-Pollinated Crops

Common Wheat

Principles of plant breeding – The four stages of the plant breeding process

Creation of genetic variability

Selection to fix desired genes

Evaluation of the selected lines

Cultivar release

Aberdeen Breeding Program

Year 1: Initial crosses made → P1 x Q1 400-800

Year 2: Additional crossing → P1/Q1 x P1 or P2

Year 3: F₁ progeny rows

Years 4-5: F_2 - F_3 plots, one bulk/plot

Year 6: F₄ plots, 200 heads/plot

Year 7: F₅ head rows, 5-15% selection index

Year 8: Non-replicated, two environments

Year 9: Replicated, two environments

Year 10: Elite yield trials, multiple environments

Year 11: Elite and Western Regional yield trials

Year 12: Repeat Y11, start PNW variety trials

Aberdeen Breeding Program Stage IV – Cultivar Release

Year 13: Repeat Y12, Breeder seed production,

Year 14: Repeat Y13, release and PVP, Foundation

seed production

Year 15: Repeat Y14, Registered seed production

Year 16: Repeat Y15, Certified seed production

Stage I: Planning & Hybridization – creating genetic variation

- Define breeding objectives
- Determine mating methods
- Traditional crossing
- Chromosome engineering
- Mutagenesis
- Tissue culture
- Transgenic

Stage I: Planning & Hybridization – creating genetic variation

Year 1: Initial crosses made \rightarrow PI x Q1 400-800

Year 2: Additional crossing \rightarrow PI/Q1 x P1 or P2





Idaho Wheat Production









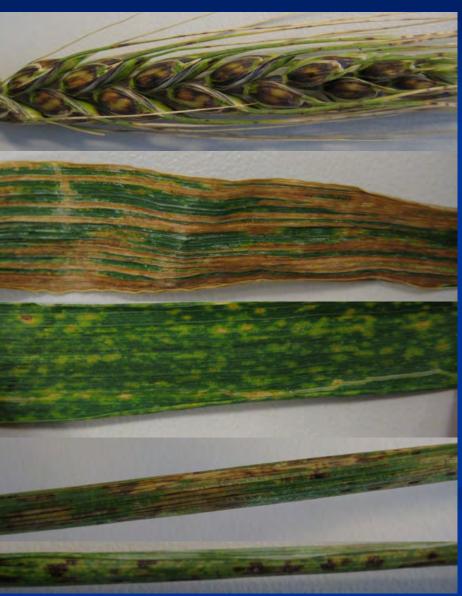
Stripe Rust Infection

Fusarium Head Blight or Scab



Wheat Black Chaff





Barley Yellow Dwarf Virus





Wheat Hessian Fly



Fly/eggs



Larvae

Dwarf Bunt







Dryland Foot Rot



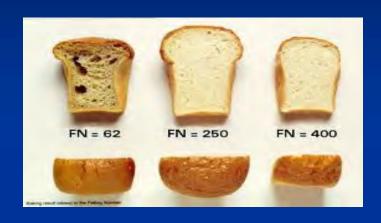
Abiotic Stresses

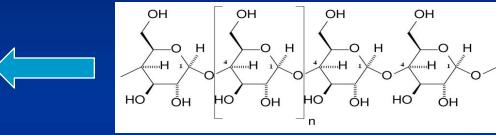






Pre-harvest Sprouting - PHS

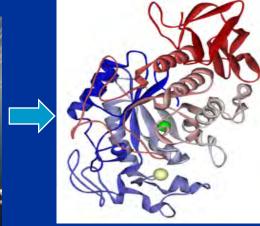












Alpha-amylase

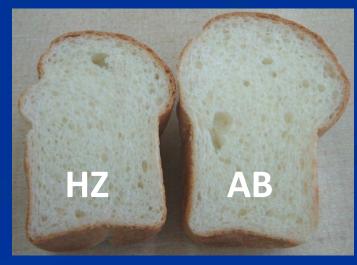


Falling number test

Bread Baking Quality







Stage II: Early Generation Advancement

Year 3: F_1 progeny rows

Years 4-5: F_2 - F_3 plots, one bulk/plot

Years 6: F_4 plots, 200 heads/plot

Year 7: F_5 head rows, 5-15% selection index

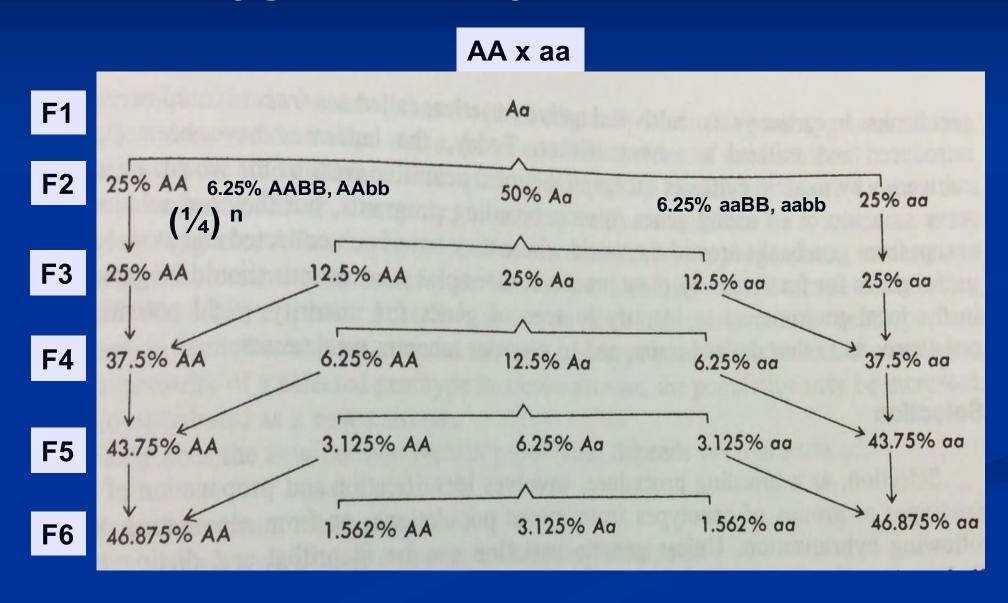




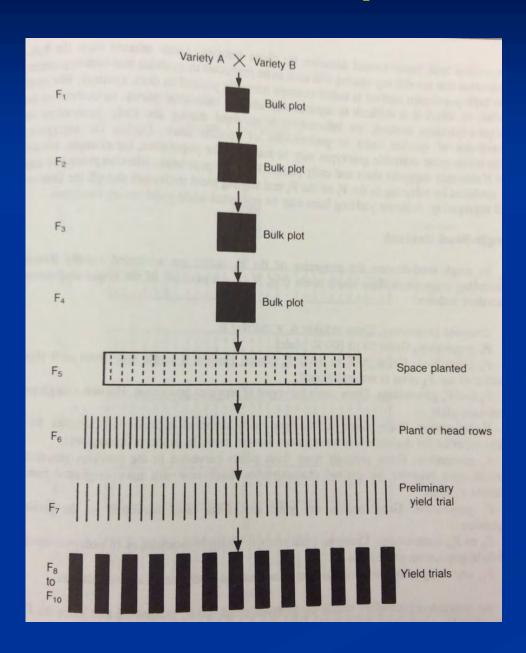




Proportion of Homozygous and Heterozygous Genotypes in a Population

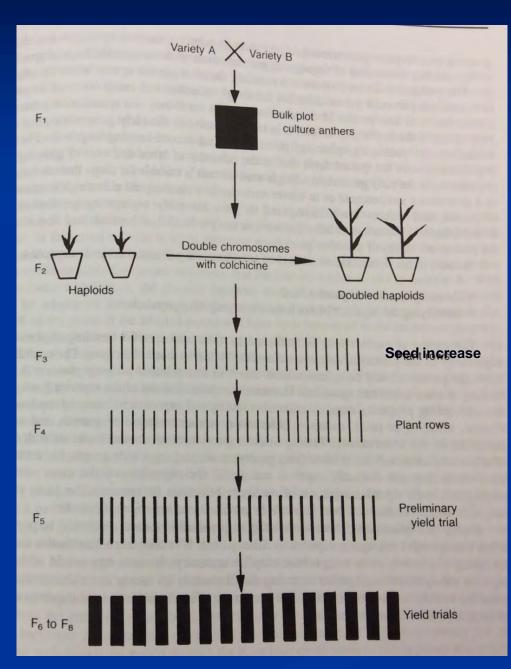


Bulk-Population of Selection





Doubled – Haploid Procedure







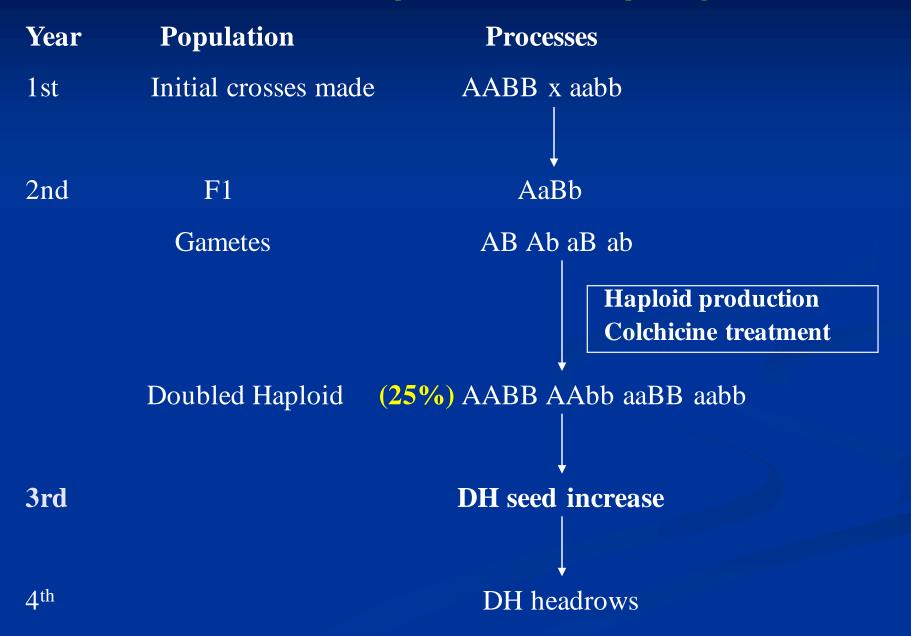




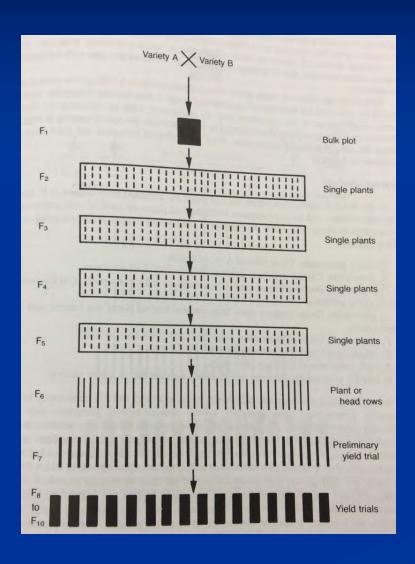




Di-haploid (doubled) System



Single Seed Descent of Selection

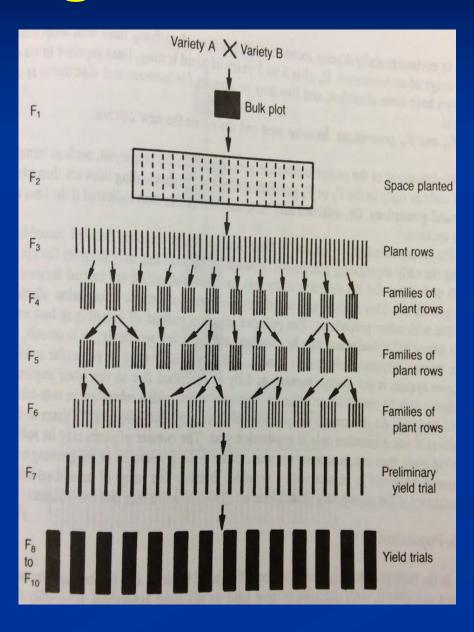




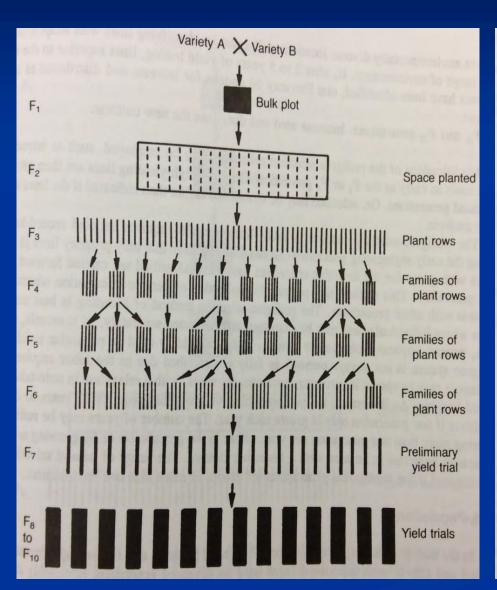


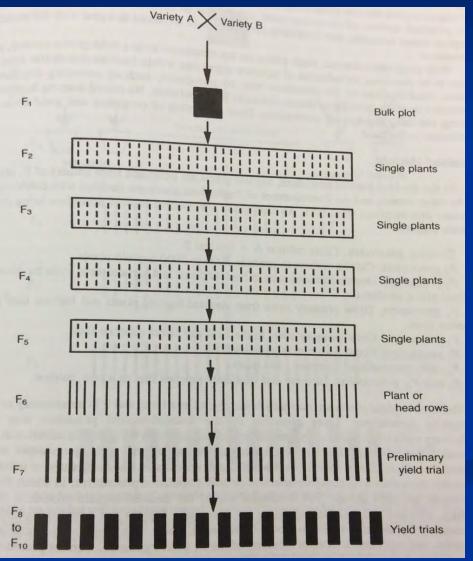


Pedigree of Selection

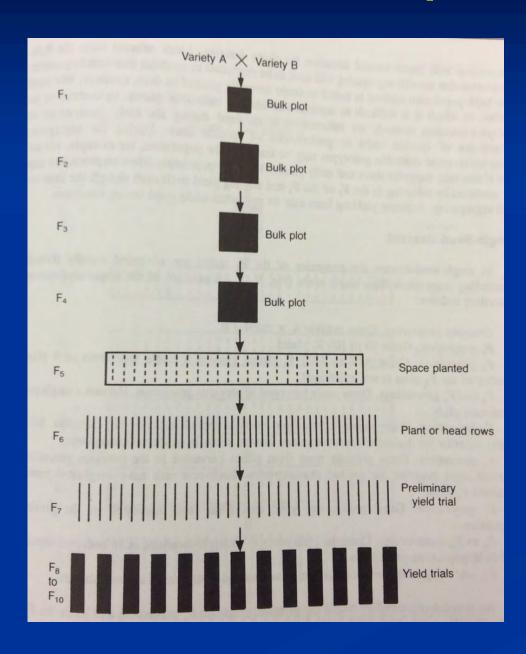


Pedigree vs. Single Seed Descent





Modified Bulk-Population of Selection





Stage III: Line Evaluation

Year 8: Non-replicated, two environments (groups 31, 32, 33; groups 301, 302, 303)

Year 9: Replicated, two environments (groups 21, 22, 23; groups 201, 202, 203)

Year 10: Elite yield trials, multiple environments (groups 11, 12, 13; groups 101, 102, 103)







Height



Lodging

Stage III – Line Evaluation

Year 11 - 12: Western regional trials, PNW (5-10 lines)

Year 13: State variety trials, PNW (2-5 lines)





Stage IV – Cultivar Release Year 13 - 16

- Justification and decision to release cultivar
- Development and maintenance of breeder seed
- Cultivar Registration and Plant Variety Protection